DPM QPL - 1651, 1652, 1585, 1940, 1588, 1625, 1561, 1721, 1680, 1530, 2077, 2099, 2098, 2184, 2176, 2196, 1831, 1532 **Aluminum Company of America Material Safety Data Sheet** ALCOA 1501 Alcoa Building, Pittsburgh, PA 15219 Phone No. Revised **Common Name** Date 412-553-4001 1984-12-03 1985-07-10 Aluminum Alloys Hazardous Material (as Defined in 29 CFR 1910.1200) **Acute Toxicity** □ Organic Peroxide ☐ irritant Ingestion Other Health Hazard ☐ Flammable Explosive (See Sec. VI) □ Sensitizer □ Inhalation Combustible ☐ Reactive Pvrophoric ☐ Corrosive ☐ Compressed Gas ☐ Absorption **OSHA or ACGIH Limit** ☐ Oxidizer Water Reactive 1580 Dms **SECTION I. Material Description** Chemical Name & Formula: Mixture (See Attachment) Other Designation: CAS No.: See Attachment Manufacturer: A1coa Occupational Exposure Limits SECTION II. Ingredients **OSHA PELs** ACGIH TLVs (1984) See attachment Al - Total Dust - 10 mg/m³ (TWA) *Cu - Fume - 0.1 mg/m³ (TWA) for specific - 20 mg/m³ (STEL) alloy ingredients. - Resp. Dust & Fume - 5 mg/m³ (TWA) *Cu - Fume - 0.2 mg/m³ (TWA) *Reference Section VI for processes and alloys where copper limits apply. SECTION III. Physical Data Physical Form: Solid (Ingot, Wrought, Castings, etc.) **Boiling Temperature:** Freeze-Melt Temperature: Wide Range - generally 900 - 1200°F (482-649°C) Vapor Pressure: NA **Evaporation Rate:** NA Specific Gravity: NA Density: Range - generally 0.095 - 0.113 lb/in.3 Water Solubility: None NA Color: Silvery Odor: None SECTION IV. Fire and Explosion Data Flammability Limits in Air: NA Auto-Ignition Temp.: NA Small chips, fine turnings, and dust may ignite readily. Use coarse water spray on chips, turnings, etc. Use class D extinguishing agents or dry sand on fines. Do not use halogenated extinguishing agents on small chips or fines. Fire fighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing when appropriate. Dust clouds may be explosive. Prevent formation of a dust cloud. Molten aluminum may explode on contact with water. It may also react violently with water, rust, and certain metal

Castings, ingots, sheet, plate, forgings, extrusions, etc., do not present fire or explosion hazards under normal

conditions. Use fire fighting methods and materials that are appropriate for surrounding fire.

oxides (e.g., oxides of copper, iron, and lead).

SECTION V. Reactivity Data

pH:

Stable under normal conditions of use, storage and transportation.

For finely divided aluminum (e.g., small chips, fines):

With water: Generates hydrogen and heat slowly. Water/aluminum mixtures may be hazardous when confined.

Oxidizes at a temperature-dependent rate. With heat:

With strong oxidizers: Violent reaction with much heat generation.

With acids & alkalies: Reacts to generate hydrogen.

With halogenated compounds: Halogenated hydrocarbons can react violently with finely divided aluminum.

Health Hazard Information Section VI.

(See Section If for exposure limits.)

Aluminum dust/fines and fumes are low health risk by inhalation. For standard operations (e.g., milling, cutting, grinding), aluminum should be treated as a nuisance dust and is so defined by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). According to AIHA Hygiene Guide:

Toxicity by ingestion: None expected.

Skin & Eyes: Not an irritant.

As stated above, most alloys have a low health risk potential. The potential for overexposure to copper fume however, may exist when welding, flame cutting, etc. on alloys containing high amounts of copper (e.g., >2.5%). These alloys include 2XX.X, 3XX.X, & 8XX.X casting series alloys; 2XXX and 7XXX series and 4145 wrought alloys. See attachment for specific alloys. Overexposure to copper fume can result in upper respiratory tract irritation, nausea, and metal fume fever.

Nickel and chromium are contained in certain alloys at levels of 0.1% or more (see attachment). Chromium and nickel and their compounds are listed in the 3rd Annual Report on Carcinogens, as prepared by the National Toxicology Program (NTP). Their presence in our alloys, however, does not present a carcinogenic or other health concern due to either their low concentrations or the chemical form in which they are present.

Plasma arc cutting or welding aluminum can generate ozone. Overexposures to ozone can result in mucous membrane irritation, as well as pulmonary changes including irritation, congestion and edema.

Reference Álcoa MSDS No. 214 for hazards and appropriate safeguards concerning welding with aluminum.

Section VII. Spili, Leak & Disposal Procedures

Collect scrap for remelting.

RCRA Hazardous Waste No.

Not Federally Regulated

Special Protection Information Section VIII.

For dust or fume exposure limits as listed in Section II. Where the exposure limits as listed in Section II.

Select appropriate respirator, & fume respirator, etc.) based on the actual or potential airborne contaminants and their concentrations present

Section IX. Special Precautions & Comments

Handling molten aluminum presents special hazards. Reference Alcoa MSDS No. 478.

·Handling remelt ingot presents special hazards. Reference Alcoa MSDS No. 516.

Handling aluminum powder and granule products presents specials hazards. Reference Alcoa MSDS Nos. 123, 124, 125, 126, or 127.

Chemical substance components have been reported to the EPA Office of Toxic Substances in accordance with the requirements of the Toxic Substances Control Act (Title 40 CFR Part 710).

D.O.T. Shipping Name, Hazard Class, I.D. No. (if applicable)

Not Regulated

Section X. References

American Industrial Hygiene Assoc. (AIHA) Hygienic Guide Series (Revised June 1978).

Alcoa MSDS Nos.:

517 - Aluminum Scrap

123, 124, 126, 127 - Atomized Aluminum Powders; 125 - Atomized Aluminum Granules; 214 - Welding Wire;

303, C303, 326, 333, 337, C337, C384, 390, C390 - See attachment for content;

471 - Aluminum Dross; 478 - Molten Aluminum; 516 - Remelt Ingot; C516;

Information herein is given in good faith as authoritative and valid; however, no warranty, express or implied, can be made.

H&S-020 Reverse

No. 384C

ALUMINUM ALLOY* INGREDIENTS (BY SERIES)
GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO 1%
(0.1% for Nickel and Chromium)

CAS No.: Si (7440-21-3); Fe (7439-89-6); Cu (7440-50-8); Mn (7439-96-5); Mg (7439-95-4); Cr (7440-47-3); Ni (7440-02-0); Zn (7440-66-6); Al (7429-90-5); Sn (7440-31-5)

1.	Castings (Ingot, Sand, P	ermanent Mold	, & Die)		,	-	
	1XX.0	2XX.0	3XX.0	4XX.0	5XX.0	7XX.0	8XX.0	
	Alumi num	Silicon	Silicon	Silicon	Silicon	Iron	Silicon	
		Iron	Iron	iron	iron	Copper	Copper	
		Copper	Copper	Nickel	Magnesium	Magnesium	Nickel	
		Magnesium	Magnesium	Aluminum	Zinc	Chromium	A1 umi num	
		Chromium	Chromium		Aluminum	Nickel	Tin	
		Ni ckel	Nickel			Zinc		
		Zinc	Zinc			Aluminum		
		Aluminum	Aluminum				•	
11.	Wrought Aluminum Alloys							
	1XXX	2XXX	3XXX	4XXX	5XXX	6XXX	7XXX	8XXX
	Aluminum	Silicon	Silicon	Silicon	Manganese	Silicon	Copper	Silicon
		lron	Manganese	Iron	Magnesium	lron	Manganese	iron
		Copper	Magnesium	Copper	Chromium	Copper	Magnesium	Copper
		Manganese	Chromium	Manganese	Zinc	Manganese	Chromium	Manganese
		Magnesium	Aluminum	Magnesium	Aluminum	Magnesium	Zinc	Nickel
		Chromium		Chromium		Chromium	Aluminum	Zinc
	٠.	Nickel		Nickel		Zinc	•	Aluminum
		Aluminum		Aluminum		Aluminum	•	Tin

* Please reference the following Alcoa Material Safety Data Sheets for these specific aluminum alloys:

MSDS No.	Alloys
No. 303 - Alcoa Aluminum Casting Alloys Containing Beryllium Additions.	A357.0, A357.2, 358.2, 364.2
No. 326 ~ P/M Alloys Containing Cobalt Additions	P/M Alloys 7090 & 7091 - Billet & Wrought Products
No. 333 - Alcoa Aluminum Alloys Containing Zinc Additions.	C8F, C9F
No. 337 - Alcoa Aluminum Alloys Containing Lithium Additions.	Alithalite, Alithalloy, 2090
No. 390 - Alcoa Aluminum Alloys Containing Lead Additions.	6262, 2011

Note: Other non-registered "C" alloys are covered by MSDSs numbered C303, C337, C384, C390, and C516

NO: 384C

ALLOYS CONTAINING >2.5% COPPER (COPPER FUME LIMITS APPLY - SEE SECTION VI)

2XX.X	3XX.X	8XX.X	2XXX	4XXX	7XXX
A206.2	308.0	853.0	2011	4145	7001
208.2	308.2		2014		7050
224.0	319.0		2017		7150
224.2	319.2		2018		
242.0	331		2024		
A242.0	332.0		2025		
242.2	332.2		2036		
A242.2	333.0		2090		
295.2	333.1		2117		
296.0	380.2		2124		
296.2	A380.2		2214		
	384.2		2218		
	385.1		2219		
	A390.0	÷	2224		
	A390.1		2319		
	390.2		2324		
			2419		
		•	2519		
,			2618		
	•				